

The Recent Imperial Interview.

If the nations, says the Paris *Siecle*, were the mistresses of their destinies, if they governed their own affairs themselves, if there existed a universally recognized principle of international law, and if the policy of nations among themselves were therefore limited to the loyal application of that principle, the meeting of those great potentates, the Emperors of Germany and Austria, would be an incident of trifling importance, and we would not behold all Europe in a turmoil of excitement because the Emperors William and Franz Joseph are repeating the sadly memorable interview of Gastein, in which was exchanged in August, 1865, a Judas kiss, followed in 1866 by the campaign of Sadowa. Since that time how many innocent victims have paid, with their lives, for the mendacity of that princely embrace! And the question arises now: "What new calamities are foreboded in Europe by the imperial embrace of Wels and Gastein?"

It is one of the consequences of non-arbitrary government that the peace of the world depends upon the personal passions of a few crowned heads. The great bulk of the European nations know not at this instant but that in a few months or weeks they may be called from their peaceful, profitable pursuits to become food for powder, to satisfy the personal ambition of William or Franz Joseph or Alexander, or even of their Ministers, Bismarck and Von Bunsen.

If a philosopher needed any proof of the imbecility of the great majority of mankind, could a stronger be found than the nation-like submission with which those nations that boast of being at the head of civilization permit themselves to be taxed, drafted, and slaughtered in quarrels in which not a man of them has the least personal interest? Even the patriotism that is appealed to in order to excite nations to war is a fallacy, for it may be asserted that after a great war even the conqueror is in a worse condition than before. No nation has ever waged a more brilliant and successful war than Prussia, during the last twelve months. Yet who can say with truth that Prussia or Germany, with a thousand millions of dollars of indemnity which are to be spent in further armaments, with one million of widows, orphans and cripples, with two bitterly hostile provinces chained under her yoke by force, and with her industry and production checked for months, is as prosperous, as rich in the elements of national happiness and true greatness as if the war had never taken place?

It ever the day comes in which the great nations of Europe can shake off the dynasties which use them as cook-fighters use their game chickens, disband the four or five millions composing their standing armies and return those men and at least one million of horses to profitable production, and assume themselves the direction of their own affairs, what prosperity might they not enjoy? It is the enormous expenditures for armies, navies and fortifications in time of peace and the still more enormous expenses of actual war that keep the mass of the European people in abject misery. In a truly civilized nation in our days, every citizen should be a soldier, and yet there should be no standing army beyond the small armed police necessary to enforce the law; and above all, no price or dynasty should be allowed to retain the fearful power of precipitating the country into war. The national sword should never be drawn but as a last resort to defend the soil or the citizens of the country, and never except by the express consent and will of the people.

These wise restrictions upon the Executive power are in fact the chief distinction between a Republic and a Constitutional Monarchy, and they are almost the last vestige left us of a republican government. When an administration uses the army to control elections, disregards the expressed will of the Senate in its foreign policy and involves the country, unconscionably, into a foreign war to secure a re-election or to leave a brilliant name in history, the government may still retain the name of a republic, but it will be such a one as Rome was when Vespasian was Emperor.

Go Back, Thieves!

The Radical party is disorganized, and from Maine to Florida are quarreling among themselves, and exposing their own villainy. "When thieves fall out," says a trite aphorism, "honest men get their dues." We have only to make a charge along the whole line and our victory will be complete. The Richmond *Enquirer* has collected together a few extracts from Radical sources exposing their villainies. We have adopted them for our own State:

Go Back, Thieves!

"Go back, thieves!" exclaims Horace Greeley to the carpet-baggers. "You must send these villains to the rear (meaning the carpet-baggers), he says to the Republicans of the South.

"You cannot rely on their modesty or their sense of decency; they will push themselves forward into the most conspicuous post, unless you sternly say, 'Go back, thieves!' Unless you show by your acts that you detest speculators and scoundrels to be led by them, you will be beaten, and will deserve to be!" Thus speaks Horace Greeley.

The editor of *Flake's Bulletin*, the leading Radical paper in Texas, says of the present Radical Legislature in that State, "It is the most corrupt body of men which ever assembled under sanction of law to 'rob and plunder the people.' He declares that its members 'have enriched themselves at the expense of outrageous subsidies, and now enjoy mansions, bank accounts, railroad stocks, horses, buggies, cigars and tiddies, to which they were before strangers.'"

The New York Evening Post (Republican), of August 31st, has an article on "Texas Politics," in which it remarks:

"The secession party in Texas is utterly disorganized. It has not even an appearance of unity, except in the first district, and there many Republicans will vote the Democratic ticket. This condition of affairs is the result of the corruption of the Legislature, and the extraordinary powers. The State officers have been multiplied, and the expenses increased more than a hundred per cent, by the present Legislature."

Burning of an Extensive Mill at Wheeling.

Wheeling, W. Va., Sept. 3. The Wheeling Iron and Nail Company's mill, situated at the upper end of the city, was totally destroyed by fire this afternoon. The building being of wood and very dry burned with great rapidity. The mill was one of the largest in the West. It contained 96 nail machines and all the necessary rolls and furnaces for manufacturing nails. In addition to the nail mill the company owned a large bar iron department. Everything was destroyed. Fully 300 men are thrown out of employment. Loss, \$300,000; insurance, \$120,000.

THE ANGEL IN THE CLOUD.

E. J. HALE & SON, New York; 12mo., pp. 106. This "coup d'essai," in black verse, is the work of Edwin W. Fuller, a young North Carolinian.

We sat down to its perusal, with no disposition to seek faults, but in fair and catholic spirit. Perhaps it may be well to state frankly that, prepossessed by the enterprise and *pluck* of the author, we were prepared to applaud whatever critical law and justice to the readers of the JOURNAL would tolerate.

We have no purpose now, by savage assault, to illustrate our prowess at the expense of the writer. We are so much pleased that we cordially commend the little book to public favor; unadvised as it is, not faultless, but with merit that not only promises future excellence, but gives it positive value—we could not do less. It has received no foreign "imprimatur," and our people are wont to wait for this before they venture to applaud. For ourselves, whatever fragrance gratifies our sense of smell, whatever beauty delights our eye, we enjoy and thank God, and care little what Mr. Grundy may say.

Let every North Carolinian do likewise and he will, at least, find pleasure in a realization of independence.

The subject selected scarcely seems to the modern reader to be properly one for poetic treatment. Fate and free will, the relations of man to Deity, the meaning of life, responsibility, futurity, belong rather to speculative philosophy or theology. To recur to an earlier period—Mr. Fuller had the example and sanction of Greek tragedy and less remotely of Milton, and, doubtless has drunk of these classic fountains. His speculations, dealing with problems insoluble otherwise than by revelation, have engaged in all ages, and must ever continue to engage the highest human intellect. The very difficulty of his theme, however, heightens our admiration of his skill.

The measure of the poem is pentameter, or "heroic," and the rhythm musical. The opening—a luxurious country residence—time, summer solstice—the effect of heat upon vegetable and animal life, is well painted and with Dutch fidelity.

The profundity of silence, broken by the

Sound of melting ice

Deep in a massive urn, whose silver sides

With trickling dew beset ran,

Is a stroke of art exceedingly suggestive. The clouds

"That whitened as they rose

'Till bleached to snow they drifted dreamily

Like gleaming icebergs through the blue sat-

urns."

Is a picture beautifully true.

The limit of a newspaper review is a

check, otherwise we would multiply elegant

citations.

It is a fault in the author to illustrate as

frequently as he does the natural by the

artificial. He sometimes errs by mean im-

ages, such as the metaphor near the bot-

tom of page 27; and by the use of ex-

pressions and words below the dignity of

poetry. On the whole the writer has

achieved a success—not a perfect success,

such as should induce him to lay aside his

pen the better to enjoy his fame, but such

as properly appreciated should stimulate

future effort. Dazzled by its light let him

not fold his wings, but again and again,

after severe preparation, try their strength

and ultimately he may fly at the sun until

lost to the admiring gaze of his country-

men.

To know one's ignorance is the begin-

ning of wisdom. What is true of the in-

dividual is equally true of man in the ag-

gregate. Though policy commend the rule

"*il faut blanchir nos linges chez*

nos," and patriotism, which is something

higher, forbid the citizen to expose the

nakedness of his country, the safety, the

welfare, the honor of the nation is the

supreme law. The latter exacts and jus-

tifies the most rigid examination of our

condition, even if it be attended by humili-

ating exposure. In comparison with other

States North Carolina is in many respects

inferior, especially so in science and litera-

ture. There is nothing in our past his-

tory, however, to discourage, while there

is much to inflame hope. Talent and vir-

ue often perish unknown to fame for lack

of provocation and opportunity.

There is a limited number of college-

bred men in our State, and the number of

well-educated, but self-educated men,

though larger, is also small, and neces-

sarily the circle of readers is contracted. In

the interest of literature the first step is to

extend the diameter of this circle. Mrs.

Siddons remarked, "to play well there

must be a large and appreciative audi-

ence." Such an audience—so to speak—

is as necessary to the writer as the actor.

Its stimulus is essential to high and pro-

longed effort; its support is vital to labor;

without these there will be no produc-

tion. The exceptional cases where the de-

sire of posthumous fame, or "*labor of*

THE ANGEL IN THE CLOUD.

E. J. HALE & SON, New York; 12mo., pp. 106. This "coup d'essai," in black verse, is the work of Edwin W. Fuller, a young North Carolinian.

We sat down to its perusal, with no disposition to seek faults, but in fair and catholic spirit. Perhaps it may be well to state frankly that, prepossessed by the enterprise and *pluck* of the author, we were prepared to applaud whatever critical law and justice to the readers of the JOURNAL would tolerate.

We have no purpose now, by savage assault, to illustrate our prowess at the expense of the writer. We are so much pleased that we cordially commend the little book to public favor; unadvised as it is, not faultless, but with merit that not only promises future excellence, but gives it positive value—we could not do less. It has received no foreign "imprimatur," and our people are wont to wait for this before they venture to applaud. For ourselves, whatever fragrance gratifies our sense of smell, whatever beauty delights our eye, we enjoy and thank God, and care little what Mr. Grundy may say.

Let every North Carolinian do likewise and he will, at least, find pleasure in a realization of independence.

The subject selected scarcely seems to the modern reader to be properly one for poetic treatment. Fate and free will, the relations of man to Deity, the meaning of life, responsibility, futurity, belong rather to speculative philosophy or theology. To recur to an earlier period—Mr. Fuller had the example and sanction of Greek tragedy and less remotely of Milton, and, doubtless has drunk of these classic fountains. His speculations, dealing with problems insoluble otherwise than by revelation, have engaged in all ages, and must ever continue to engage the highest human intellect. The very difficulty of his theme, however, heightens our admiration of his skill.

The measure of the poem is pentameter, or "heroic," and the rhythm musical. The opening—a luxurious country residence—time, summer solstice—the effect of heat upon vegetable and animal life, is well painted and with Dutch fidelity.

The profundity of silence, broken by the

Sound of melting ice

Deep in a massive urn, whose silver sides

With trickling dew beset ran,

Is a stroke of art exceedingly suggestive. The clouds

"That whitened as they rose

'Till bleached to snow they drifted dreamily

Like gleaming icebergs through the blue sat-

urns."

Is a picture beautifully true.

The limit of a newspaper review is a

check, otherwise we would multiply elegant

citations.

It is a fault in the author to illustrate as

frequently as he does the natural by the

artificial. He sometimes errs by mean im-

ages, such as the metaphor near the bot-

tom of page 27; and by the use of ex-

pressions and words below the dignity of

poetry. On the whole the writer has

achieved a success—not a perfect success,

such as should induce him to lay aside his

pen the better to enjoy his fame, but such

as properly appreciated should stimulate

future effort. Dazzled by its light let him

not fold his wings, but again and again,

after severe preparation, try their strength

and ultimately he may fly at the sun until

lost to the admiring gaze of his country-

men.

To know one's ignorance is the begin-

ning of wisdom. What is true of the in-

dividual is equally true of man in the ag-

gregate. Though policy commend the rule

"*il faut blanchir nos linges chez*

nos," and patriotism, which is something

higher, forbid the citizen to expose the

nakedness of his country, the safety, the

welfare, the honor of the nation is the

supreme law. The latter exacts and jus-

tifies the most rigid examination of our

condition, even if it be attended by humili-

ating exposure. In comparison with other

States North Carolina is in many respects

inferior, especially so in science and litera-

ture. There is nothing in our past his-

tory, however, to discourage, while there

is much to inflame hope. Talent and vir-

ue often perish unknown to fame for lack

of provocation and opportunity.

There is a limited number of college-

bred men in our State, and the number of

well-educated, but self-educated men,

though larger, is also small, and neces-

sarily the circle of readers is contracted. In

the interest of literature the first step is to

extend the diameter of this circle. Mrs.

Siddons remarked, "to play well there

must be a large and appreciative audi-

ence." Such an audience—so to speak—

is as necessary to the writer as the actor.

Its stimulus is essential to high and pro-

longed effort; its support is vital to labor;

without these there will be no produc-

tion. The exceptional cases where the de-

sire of posthumous fame, or "*labor of*

THE TRUNK MYSTERY.

The Identification—The Home of Alice Bowlby—Suicide of the Alleged Secer—Statement of Rosenzweig's Servant.

The city of Patterson, N. J., was intensely excited yesterday, first by the announcement in the morning papers that the victim was a Patterson girl, and later in the day by the report that the young man who had kept company with her before her disappearance had taken her own life.

About 7 A. M. the news of the identification of Miss Bowlby's remains was broken to her widowed mother by Mrs. Parker and Kinne, who on the evening preceding had identified the body at the Morgue. The grief of the mother and younger sisters was too terrible for words to describe.

Henry Sanford, who had left the home of her aunt, Mrs. Elizabeth L. Williams, in Newark, to return to her mother's home in Patterson. She did not arrive home on the day which a letter written to her mother by her had fixed, and inquiries were sent to Newark for information.

Word was returned that she had left Miss Williams' house, where she had been staying about three weeks, and ought to have arrived home the same day. Then the search for the missing girl commenced. Her uncle, Mr. Charles E. Sanford, of Broadway, her cousins, Henry Sanford and John Williams, of Newark, and Dr. Kinne, the family physician, gave nearly all their time for several days to endeavors to trace her.

Henry Sanford, on visiting the Morgue, thought he recognized the body of the then unknown murdered girl, and it was subsequently identified by the doctor, Dr. Parker and Kinne. Until yesterday morning, however, neither Mr. Sanford nor the doctors had hinted their suspicions regarding the body at the Morgue to the bereaved mother. The residence of the afflicted family is a small two story brick house, situated on West street, facing the sign of the Bowler.

Miss Bowlby was a very attractive girl, quite lovely. To this house the family moved ten years ago from Parsippany upon the death of Bowlby. Mrs. Bowlby, with her three daughters, worked at dress making; Alice having been employed recently in an establishment at No. 163 Eighth street, Newark.

Dr. Kinne, who was called to the house of Alice, who he suspected a young man whose name would not be given until the inquest should be held. Dr. Parker was reluctant to give any information except that the murdered girl was well known to him as a pure, high minded girl, whom he would never have suspected of any crime.

Dr. Kinne said he was sure he could identify the man who was responsible for her condition when she went to Dr. Rosenzweig's; he believed that she had gone there alone, and that the man whom he suspected had nothing to do with the murder. The doctor exhibited a photograph of the deceased, a well formed, intelligent looking blonde, with bright laughing eyes, full lips, and smiling face.

It was learned by the statements of Mrs. Williams, of Newark, that Walter F. Conklin had been very much attached to the young woman, and had visited her at Mrs. Williams' house in Newark three days before Alice left for New York. Mrs. Williams did not hesitate to say that he was responsible for Alice's misfortune.

At 1 o'clock an event occurred in which all the city were convinced that Mrs. Williams' position was safe. At that hour Conklin committed a suicide in Dale's silk mill, where he was employed. A large crowd gathered immediately around the building, and within an hour the news was spread through Patterson. Conklin arrived at the mill early yesterday morning, looking pale and nervous. He was at his desk during the forenoon. Converting but little, and when spoken to concerning the absorbing sensation caused by the reports in the morning papers, spoke of it as a matter of no consequence to him. At noon he did not go to dinner according to his custom. While the clock was striking dinner one of the men employed in the mill heard a pistol shot. He ran immediately to the office and found no one; but, going into the large fire-proof room where the most valuable silks are stored, on the floor he found Conklin's prostrate form.

He was lying on his back, with a wound in the left ear where the bullet entered. A revolver was found on the floor beside him. The man drew the body out into the office and sent word for physicians, sending information also to Adema Conklin, the father of the deceased. When the physicians arrived, they found that the wound was fatal, the ball having lodged in the temple. The dying man did not move. His father and brother arrived before life became extinct. Within half an hour he was dead. Coroner Batterworth was immediately summoned, and viewed the body. In one of the pockets was found the following note in Conklin's handwriting:

"I have long had a morbid idea of the worthlessness of life, and now to be obliged to testify in this affair and cause unpleasantness in my family is more than I can bear."

"Good-bye dear father, mother, brother and sister."

In his pocket a card was found on which was written in his own hand "115 E. 24th street."

Coroner Batterworth impelled a jury yesterday afternoon, and immediately commenced an inquest. The testimony of Dr. Warner, the workmen at the mill and others cognizant of facts connected with the shooting, was taken, after which the jury rendered a verdict that the deceased came to his death by his own hands.

About Miss Bowlby's movements after she left Mrs. Williams' house in Newark but little can be learned. Her mother, who went to Newark with her, returned home, leaving Alice only money enough to pay her fare from Newark to Patterson. When she left Mrs. Williams' house at 9 o'clock yesterday, she had only eighty cents. She could have had more, but paid Rosenzweig the amount which he would be likely to have demanded.

On Monday, the 21st ult., Miss Bowlby was met, in company with another Patterson woman, by Mr. William J. Healey, of 82 Main street, Newark. Mr. Healey states that he met Alice at the Newark near St. Paul's church. The woman who accompanied her he knew, but cannot remember her name.

Conklin is known to have gone to New York on the fatal Saturday, returning in the evening. His father is one of the owners of the Dale silk mill, where Conklin was employed, and the latter drew a good salary as bookkeeper.

On Wednesday evening, while Drs. Parker and Kinne were looking at the remains of Alice in New York, Mr. Bowlby and young Conklin were conversing about her in Patterson. Conklin called to inquire if anything had been heard from her, and appeared to be concerned for her safety.

Mrs. Bowlby, who was almost crazed with alarm for her daughter's safety, suggested that the body found in the trunk might be hers.

Conklin said, "Oh, no; that couldn't be Alice."

Conklin was about 20 years old. He had

THE TRUNK MYSTERY.

The Identification—The Home of Alice Bowlby—Suicide of the Alleged Secer—Statement of Rosenzweig's Servant.

The city of Patterson, N. J., was intensely excited yesterday, first by the announcement in the morning papers that the victim was a Patterson girl, and later in the day by the report that the young man who had kept company with her before her disappearance had taken her own life.

About 7 A. M. the news of the identification of Miss Bowlby's remains was broken to her widowed mother by Mrs. Parker and Kinne, who on the evening preceding had identified the body at the Morgue. The grief of the mother and younger sisters was too terrible for words to describe.

Henry Sanford, who had left the home of her aunt, Mrs. Elizabeth L. Williams, in Newark, to return to her mother's home in Patterson. She did not arrive home on the day which a letter written to her mother by her had fixed, and inquiries were sent to Newark for information.

Word was returned that she had left Miss Williams' house, where she had been staying about three weeks, and ought to have arrived home the same day. Then the search for the missing girl commenced. Her uncle, Mr. Charles E. Sanford, of Broadway, her cousins, Henry Sanford and John Williams, of Newark, and Dr. Kinne, the family physician, gave nearly all their time for several days to endeavors to trace her.

Henry Sanford, on visiting the Morgue, thought he recognized the body of the then unknown murdered girl, and it was subsequently identified by the doctor, Dr. Parker and Kinne. Until yesterday morning, however, neither Mr. Sanford nor the doctors had hinted their suspicions regarding the body at the Morgue to the bereaved mother. The residence of the afflicted family is a small two story brick house, situated on West street, facing the sign of the Bowler.

Miss Bowlby was a very attractive girl, quite lovely. To this house the family moved ten years ago from Parsippany upon the death of Bowlby. Mrs. Bowlby, with her three daughters, worked at dress making; Alice having been employed recently in an establishment at No. 163 Eighth street, Newark.

Dr. Kinne, who was called to the house of Alice, who he suspected a young man whose name would not be given until the inquest should be held. Dr. Parker was reluctant to give any information except that the murdered girl was well known to him as a pure, high minded girl, whom he would never have suspected of any crime.

Dr. Kinne said he was sure he could identify the man who was responsible for her condition when she went to Dr. Rosenzweig's; he believed that she had gone there alone, and that the man whom he suspected had nothing to do with the murder. The doctor exhibited a photograph of the deceased, a well formed, intelligent looking blonde, with bright laughing eyes, full lips, and smiling face.

It was learned by the statements of Mrs. Williams, of Newark, that Walter F. Conklin had been very much attached to the young woman, and had visited her at Mrs. Williams' house in Newark three days before Alice left for New York. Mrs. Williams did not hesitate to say that he was responsible for Alice's misfortune.

At 1 o'clock an event occurred in which all the city were convinced that Mrs. Williams' position was safe. At that hour Conklin committed a suicide in Dale's silk mill, where he was employed. A large crowd gathered immediately around the building, and within an hour the news was spread through Patterson. Conklin arrived at the mill early yesterday morning, looking pale and nervous. He was at his desk during the forenoon. Converting but little, and when spoken to concerning the absorbing sensation caused by the reports in the morning papers, spoke of it as a matter of no consequence to him. At noon he did not go to dinner according to his custom. While the clock was striking dinner one of the men employed in the mill heard a pistol shot. He ran immediately to the office and found no one; but, going into the large fire-proof room where the most valuable silks are stored, on the floor he found Conklin's prostrate form.

He was lying on his back, with a wound in the

STATE NEWS.

The wires of the South Atlantic Telephone Co. have reached Charlotte.

Briggs has opened a skating rink at Goldsboro.

The State revenue bill for 1871 will be introduced on Friday.

One bushel of potatoes only 50 cents a bushel in Raleigh.

John S. Long is engaged to be married to a daughter of the late Governor.

Weldon News wants a ferry, across the river, at that point.

London is having a new post office erected in Raleigh on Friday.

The Raleigh boys challenge the State game of base ball, to take place during the closing of the State Fair.

The Pee Dee Herald learns that a man, named John, was being suspected with complicity in the murder of Mr. James W. Redfern, was arrested at Charlotte, N. C., when sufficient evidence was adduced to justify his committal.

The Fall Term of the Superior Courts in the 11th judicial district, will be held for the several counties respectively at the time stated: Harnett, 14th August; Moore, 28th August; Montgomery, 11th September; Stanly, 25th September; Union, 9th October; Anson, 23rd October; Richmond, 6th November; Cumberland, 20th November.

The Raleigh boys challenge the State game of base ball, to take place during the closing of the State Fair.

The Pee Dee Herald learns from a gentleman from Stanley that while the Rev. W. J. Leard was addressing a large assembly at the Methodist Church, at Albemarle, on Thursday, the 31st ult., a panic was created among the congregation by the breaking of a bench in the gallery, which was mistaken for the falling of the building; every available means of exit was at once resorted to, and in the confusion which ensued one lady, Mrs. Freeman, had her arm broken, and several other persons were severely bruised.

The Sentinel says: Sheriff Hughes, of Orange, arrived in our city at 2 o'clock a. m. yesterday. At 10 a. m. he had paid into the State Treasury \$4,200 collected of the people of Orange last week. At 12 meridian he was riding Billy Smith's iron horse on his return to Orange. There is nothing like promptness in public officers. Orange never had but one Radical Sheriff, and he, so far from paying promptly, did not pay at all.

The Raleigh Sentinel is responsible for the following: Considerable excitement prevails in a locality on Neuse river, at what seems to be a sea serpent which has made its way up from the Atlantic. It has been seen by several very reliable gentlemen, with much lamb and little pipe in its jaws, having seized them when at the water edge drinking. Various attempts to capture this serpent have proved fruitless; should they succeed he will be on exhibition at the State Fair.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of County Commissioners met again yesterday morning, Commissioner A. R. Black, presiding.

J. W. Schenck, Jr., Sheriff of the county, presented three several bonds, two for \$15,000 each, and one for \$10,000, whereupon it was ordered that the bonds now presented by J. W. Schenck, Jr., be received and approved, and ordered to be registered and filed. It was further ordered that the Sheriff, J. W. Schenck, Jr., be notified that he is required to appear before this Board on the first Monday in October next, and increase his bond for the collection of State and County taxes, in the sum of \$10,000, each. And it is further ordered that the Sheriff make settlement with the State and County Treasurers as often as the amounts prescribed by law shall come into his hands. Those appearing on Sheriff Schenck's bond are Mary J. Schenck, Jos. H. Neff, S. S. Satchell and E. R. Brink.

Bonds of J. C. Mann, Clerk of Superior Court, in the sum of \$10,000, and W. J. Bivens, Register of Deeds, in the sum of \$5,000, were presented, but action was deferred until this afternoon.

The bonds of Coroner and Treasurer will also be finally acted on this afternoon. Commissioner John C. Heyer presented the following protest against the action of the Board:

I, John C. Heyer, one of the County Commissioners of New Hanover county, do hereby protest against any and all action of the Board of County Commissioners, in so far as it relates to the bonds of J. W. Schenck, Jr., as Sheriff of said county, for the present year, for two reasons: First, because of the insufficiency of the amount of bonds, and secondly, because the sureties upon said bonds are not good and sufficient, and I wish to vote against this action of the Board to be recorded upon the Minutes.

(Signed) JOHN C. HEYER.

Similar protests were submitted by Mr. Heyer, relative to the bonds of the Register of Deeds and Clerk of Superior Court.

It was ordered that the County Surveyor lay out and establish the line between this county and Bladen; to-wit: Between the Cape Fear river and Black river; Provided that the County Commissioners of Bladen county will pay one half of the expense of said survey.

Adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of County Commissioners met again yesterday afternoon. The session was occupied, principally, in acting on the official bonds presented, with the following result:

Bond of Owen Fennell, Jr., Treasurer, for \$70,000, with P. Murphy, E. Murray, J. R. Beaman, B. F. Mitchell and William Larkin, as sureties, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of E. D. Hewlett, Coroner, for \$5,000, with Elijah Hewlett, as surety, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of J. C. Mann, Clerk of Superior Court, for \$10,000, with S. S. Satchell and S. H. Manning, as sureties, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of W. J. Bivens, Register of Deeds, for \$5,000, with E. R. Brink and W. P. Canaday, as sureties, was rejected.

Adjourned to meet again on Saturday 10th inst., at 3 o'clock.

THE YELLOW FEVER IN CHARLESTON.—The Charleston News, under yesterday's date, gives the following cheerful account in regard to the fever now prevailing in that city:

The city registrar reports only one certificate of death from yellow fever during the twenty-four hours ending at noon yesterday, and said death took place on Saturday. This is as cheering a statement as we could desire, and more en-

couraging than faint-hearted folks have ventured to expect. Doubtless, this glorious "autumn weather" is doing more for us than all the doctors and disinfectants in the city. The nights and mornings are deliciously cool, and the days more like the end of October than the beginning of September. We may, of course, have a return of the summer heats, but, as the most critical fever period is from the first to the third week in September, every cool day lessens the chances of any serious augmentation in the number of deaths.—This has been an early season. The winter was mild, and the summer temperature—with the exception of a short term of red-hot weather—has been remarkably low. This caused the opinion to gain ground that the back-bone of the summer is now broken, and that hot days for the rest of the season will be few and far between.

At this time there is not one of the State officers present in Raleigh, except the Attorney General. See the effect of the bad example set by the federal officials.

A very interesting revival of religion is in progress at Pittsboro, Chatham county, in the Methodist church at that place. It is conducted by the Pastor, Rev. Mr. Moore, assisted by Rev. Geo. W. Langhorne, of Petersburg.

Several of the Raleigh young gentlemen are preparing to give a series of Ethiopian dramas sometime during the fall and winter. They propose to play for the benefit of various charitable associations.

Louisburg, Franklin county, has an amateur dramatic association. They will play "Our American Cousin" during the sitting of the September court, with friend Furman, of the Courier, as "Our American Cousin."

The Pee Dee Herald learns that a man, named John, was being suspected with complicity in the murder of Mr. James W. Redfern, was arrested at Charlotte, N. C., when sufficient evidence was adduced to justify his committal.

The Fall Term of the Superior Courts in the 11th judicial district, will be held for the several counties respectively at the time stated: Harnett, 14th August; Moore, 28th August; Montgomery, 11th September; Stanly, 25th September; Union, 9th October; Anson, 23rd October; Richmond, 6th November; Cumberland, 20th November.

The Raleigh boys challenge the State game of base ball, to take place during the closing of the State Fair.

The Pee Dee Herald learns from a gentleman from Stanley that while the Rev. W. J. Leard was addressing a large assembly at the Methodist Church, at Albemarle, on Thursday, the 31st ult., a panic was created among the congregation by the breaking of a bench in the gallery, which was mistaken for the falling of the building; every available means of exit was at once resorted to, and in the confusion which ensued one lady, Mrs. Freeman, had her arm broken, and several other persons were severely bruised.

The Sentinel says: Sheriff Hughes, of Orange, arrived in our city at 2 o'clock a. m. yesterday. At 10 a. m. he had paid into the State Treasury \$4,200 collected of the people of Orange last week. At 12 meridian he was riding Billy Smith's iron horse on his return to Orange. There is nothing like promptness in public officers. Orange never had but one Radical Sheriff, and he, so far from paying promptly, did not pay at all.

The Raleigh Sentinel is responsible for the following: Considerable excitement prevails in a locality on Neuse river, at what seems to be a sea serpent which has made its way up from the Atlantic. It has been seen by several very reliable gentlemen, with much lamb and little pipe in its jaws, having seized them when at the water edge drinking. Various attempts to capture this serpent have proved fruitless; should they succeed he will be on exhibition at the State Fair.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of County Commissioners met again yesterday morning, Commissioner A. R. Black, presiding.

J. W. Schenck, Jr., Sheriff of the county, presented three several bonds, two for \$15,000 each, and one for \$10,000, whereupon it was ordered that the bonds now presented by J. W. Schenck, Jr., be received and approved, and ordered to be registered and filed. It was further ordered that the Sheriff, J. W. Schenck, Jr., be notified that he is required to appear before this Board on the first Monday in October next, and increase his bond for the collection of State and County taxes, in the sum of \$10,000, each. And it is further ordered that the Sheriff make settlement with the State and County Treasurers as often as the amounts prescribed by law shall come into his hands. Those appearing on Sheriff Schenck's bond are Mary J. Schenck, Jos. H. Neff, S. S. Satchell and E. R. Brink.

Bonds of J. C. Mann, Clerk of Superior Court, in the sum of \$10,000, and W. J. Bivens, Register of Deeds, in the sum of \$5,000, were presented, but action was deferred until this afternoon.

The bonds of Coroner and Treasurer will also be finally acted on this afternoon. Commissioner John C. Heyer presented the following protest against the action of the Board:

I, John C. Heyer, one of the County Commissioners of New Hanover county, do hereby protest against any and all action of the Board of County Commissioners, in so far as it relates to the bonds of J. W. Schenck, Jr., as Sheriff of said county, for the present year, for two reasons: First, because of the insufficiency of the amount of bonds, and secondly, because the sureties upon said bonds are not good and sufficient, and I wish to vote against this action of the Board to be recorded upon the Minutes.

(Signed) JOHN C. HEYER.

Similar protests were submitted by Mr. Heyer, relative to the bonds of the Register of Deeds and Clerk of Superior Court.

It was ordered that the County Surveyor lay out and establish the line between this county and Bladen; to-wit: Between the Cape Fear river and Black river; Provided that the County Commissioners of Bladen county will pay one half of the expense of said survey.

Adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of County Commissioners met again yesterday afternoon. The session was occupied, principally, in acting on the official bonds presented, with the following result:

Bond of Owen Fennell, Jr., Treasurer, for \$70,000, with P. Murphy, E. Murray, J. R. Beaman, B. F. Mitchell and William Larkin, as sureties, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of E. D. Hewlett, Coroner, for \$5,000, with Elijah Hewlett, as surety, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of J. C. Mann, Clerk of Superior Court, for \$10,000, with S. S. Satchell and S. H. Manning, as sureties, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of W. J. Bivens, Register of Deeds, for \$5,000, with E. R. Brink and W. P. Canaday, as sureties, was rejected.

Adjourned to meet again on Saturday 10th inst., at 3 o'clock.

THE YELLOW FEVER IN CHARLESTON.—The Charleston News, under yesterday's date, gives the following cheerful account in regard to the fever now prevailing in that city:

The city registrar reports only one certificate of death from yellow fever during the twenty-four hours ending at noon yesterday, and said death took place on Saturday. This is as cheering a statement as we could desire, and more en-

couraging than faint-hearted folks have ventured to expect. Doubtless, this glorious "autumn weather" is doing more for us than all the doctors and disinfectants in the city. The nights and mornings are deliciously cool, and the days more like the end of October than the beginning of September. We may, of course, have a return of the summer heats, but, as the most critical fever period is from the first to the third week in September, every cool day lessens the chances of any serious augmentation in the number of deaths.—This has been an early season. The winter was mild, and the summer temperature—with the exception of a short term of red-hot weather—has been remarkably low. This caused the opinion to gain ground that the back-bone of the summer is now broken, and that hot days for the rest of the season will be few and far between.

At this time there is not one of the State officers present in Raleigh, except the Attorney General. See the effect of the bad example set by the federal officials.

A very interesting revival of religion is in progress at Pittsboro, Chatham county, in the Methodist church at that place. It is conducted by the Pastor, Rev. Mr. Moore, assisted by Rev. Geo. W. Langhorne, of Petersburg.

Several of the Raleigh young gentlemen are preparing to give a series of Ethiopian dramas sometime during the fall and winter. They propose to play for the benefit of various charitable associations.

Louisburg, Franklin county, has an amateur dramatic association. They will play "Our American Cousin" during the sitting of the September court, with friend Furman, of the Courier, as "Our American Cousin."

The Pee Dee Herald learns that a man, named John, was being suspected with complicity in the murder of Mr. James W. Redfern, was arrested at Charlotte, N. C., when sufficient evidence was adduced to justify his committal.

The Fall Term of the Superior Courts in the 11th judicial district, will be held for the several counties respectively at the time stated: Harnett, 14th August; Moore, 28th August; Montgomery, 11th September; Stanly, 25th September; Union, 9th October; Anson, 23rd October; Richmond, 6th November; Cumberland, 20th November.

The Raleigh boys challenge the State game of base ball, to take place during the closing of the State Fair.

The Pee Dee Herald learns from a gentleman from Stanley that while the Rev. W. J. Leard was addressing a large assembly at the Methodist Church, at Albemarle, on Thursday, the 31st ult., a panic was created among the congregation by the breaking of a bench in the gallery, which was mistaken for the falling of the building; every available means of exit was at once resorted to, and in the confusion which ensued one lady, Mrs. Freeman, had her arm broken, and several other persons were severely bruised.

The Sentinel says: Sheriff Hughes, of Orange, arrived in our city at 2 o'clock a. m. yesterday. At 10 a. m. he had paid into the State Treasury \$4,200 collected of the people of Orange last week. At 12 meridian he was riding Billy Smith's iron horse on his return to Orange. There is nothing like promptness in public officers. Orange never had but one Radical Sheriff, and he, so far from paying promptly, did not pay at all.

The Raleigh Sentinel is responsible for the following: Considerable excitement prevails in a locality on Neuse river, at what seems to be a sea serpent which has made its way up from the Atlantic. It has been seen by several very reliable gentlemen, with much lamb and little pipe in its jaws, having seized them when at the water edge drinking. Various attempts to capture this serpent have proved fruitless; should they succeed he will be on exhibition at the State Fair.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of County Commissioners met again yesterday morning, Commissioner A. R. Black, presiding.

J. W. Schenck, Jr., Sheriff of the county, presented three several bonds, two for \$15,000 each, and one for \$10,000, whereupon it was ordered that the bonds now presented by J. W. Schenck, Jr., be received and approved, and ordered to be registered and filed. It was further ordered that the Sheriff, J. W. Schenck, Jr., be notified that he is required to appear before this Board on the first Monday in October next, and increase his bond for the collection of State and County taxes, in the sum of \$10,000, each. And it is further ordered that the Sheriff make settlement with the State and County Treasurers as often as the amounts prescribed by law shall come into his hands. Those appearing on Sheriff Schenck's bond are Mary J. Schenck, Jos. H. Neff, S. S. Satchell and E. R. Brink.

Bonds of J. C. Mann, Clerk of Superior Court, in the sum of \$10,000, and W. J. Bivens, Register of Deeds, in the sum of \$5,000, were presented, but action was deferred until this afternoon.

The bonds of Coroner and Treasurer will also be finally acted on this afternoon. Commissioner John C. Heyer presented the following protest against the action of the Board:

I, John C. Heyer, one of the County Commissioners of New Hanover county, do hereby protest against any and all action of the Board of County Commissioners, in so far as it relates to the bonds of J. W. Schenck, Jr., as Sheriff of said county, for the present year, for two reasons: First, because of the insufficiency of the amount of bonds, and secondly, because the sureties upon said bonds are not good and sufficient, and I wish to vote against this action of the Board to be recorded upon the Minutes.

(Signed) JOHN C. HEYER.

Similar protests were submitted by Mr. Heyer, relative to the bonds of the Register of Deeds and Clerk of Superior Court.

It was ordered that the County Surveyor lay out and establish the line between this county and Bladen; to-wit: Between the Cape Fear river and Black river; Provided that the County Commissioners of Bladen county will pay one half of the expense of said survey.

Adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of County Commissioners met again yesterday afternoon. The session was occupied, principally, in acting on the official bonds presented, with the following result:

Bond of Owen Fennell, Jr., Treasurer, for \$70,000, with P. Murphy, E. Murray, J. R. Beaman, B. F. Mitchell and William Larkin, as sureties, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of E. D. Hewlett, Coroner, for \$5,000, with Elijah Hewlett, as surety, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of J. C. Mann, Clerk of Superior Court, for \$10,000, with S. S. Satchell and S. H. Manning, as sureties, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of W. J. Bivens, Register of Deeds, for \$5,000, with E. R. Brink and W. P. Canaday, as sureties, was rejected.

Adjourned to meet again on Saturday 10th inst., at 3 o'clock.

THE YELLOW FEVER IN CHARLESTON.—The Charleston News, under yesterday's date, gives the following cheerful account in regard to the fever now prevailing in that city:

The city registrar reports only one certificate of death from yellow fever during the twenty-four hours ending at noon yesterday, and said death took place on Saturday. This is as cheering a statement as we could desire, and more en-

couraging than faint-hearted folks have ventured to expect. Doubtless, this glorious "autumn weather" is doing more for us than all the doctors and disinfectants in the city. The nights and mornings are deliciously cool, and the days more like the end of October than the beginning of September. We may, of course, have a return of the summer heats, but, as the most critical fever period is from the first to the third week in September, every cool day lessens the chances of any serious augmentation in the number of deaths.—This has been an early season. The winter was mild, and the summer temperature—with the exception of a short term of red-hot weather—has been remarkably low. This caused the opinion to gain ground that the back-bone of the summer is now broken, and that hot days for the rest of the season will be few and far between.

At this time there is not one of the State officers present in Raleigh, except the Attorney General. See the effect of the bad example set by the federal officials.

A very interesting revival of religion is in progress at Pittsboro, Chatham county, in the Methodist church at that place. It is conducted by the Pastor, Rev. Mr. Moore, assisted by Rev. Geo. W. Langhorne, of Petersburg.

Several of the Raleigh young gentlemen are preparing to give a series of Ethiopian dramas sometime during the fall and winter. They propose to play for the benefit of various charitable associations.

Louisburg, Franklin county, has an amateur dramatic association. They will play "Our American Cousin" during the sitting of the September court, with friend Furman, of the Courier, as "Our American Cousin."

The Pee Dee Herald learns that a man, named John, was being suspected with complicity in the murder of Mr. James W. Redfern, was arrested at Charlotte, N. C., when sufficient evidence was adduced to justify his committal.

The Fall Term of the Superior Courts in the 11th judicial district, will be held for the several counties respectively at the time stated: Harnett, 14th August; Moore, 28th August; Montgomery, 11th September; Stanly, 25th September; Union, 9th October; Anson, 23rd October; Richmond, 6th November; Cumberland, 20th November.

The Raleigh boys challenge the State game of base ball, to take place during the closing of the State Fair.

The Pee Dee Herald learns from a gentleman from Stanley that while the Rev. W. J. Leard was addressing a large assembly at the Methodist Church, at Albemarle, on Thursday, the 31st ult., a panic was created among the congregation by the breaking of a bench in the gallery, which was mistaken for the falling of the building; every available means of exit was at once resorted to, and in the confusion which ensued one lady, Mrs. Freeman, had her arm broken, and several other persons were severely bruised.

The Sentinel says: Sheriff Hughes, of Orange, arrived in our city at 2 o'clock a. m. yesterday. At 10 a. m. he had paid into the State Treasury \$4,200 collected of the people of Orange last week. At 12 meridian he was riding Billy Smith's iron horse on his return to Orange. There is nothing like promptness in public officers. Orange never had but one Radical Sheriff, and he, so far from paying promptly, did not pay at all.

The Raleigh Sentinel is responsible for the following: Considerable excitement prevails in a locality on Neuse river, at what seems to be a sea serpent which has made its way up from the Atlantic. It has been seen by several very reliable gentlemen, with much lamb and little pipe in its jaws, having seized them when at the water edge drinking. Various attempts to capture this serpent have proved fruitless; should they succeed he will be on exhibition at the State Fair.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of County Commissioners met again yesterday morning, Commissioner A. R. Black, presiding.

J. W. Schenck, Jr., Sheriff of the county, presented three several bonds, two for \$15,000 each, and one for \$10,000, whereupon it was ordered that the bonds now presented by J. W. Schenck, Jr., be received and approved, and ordered to be registered and filed. It was further ordered that the Sheriff, J. W. Schenck, Jr., be notified that he is required to appear before this Board on the first Monday in October next, and increase his bond for the collection of State and County taxes, in the sum of \$10,000, each. And it is further ordered that the Sheriff make settlement with the State and County Treasurers as often as the amounts prescribed by law shall come into his hands. Those appearing on Sheriff Schenck's bond are Mary J. Schenck, Jos. H. Neff, S. S. Satchell and E. R. Brink.

Bonds of J. C. Mann, Clerk of Superior Court, in the sum of \$10,000, and W. J. Bivens, Register of Deeds, in the sum of \$5,000, were presented, but action was deferred until this afternoon.

The bonds of Coroner and Treasurer will also be finally acted on this afternoon. Commissioner John C. Heyer presented the following protest against the action of the Board:

I, John C. Heyer, one of the County Commissioners of New Hanover county, do hereby protest against any and all action of the Board of County Commissioners, in so far as it relates to the bonds of J. W. Schenck, Jr., as Sheriff of said county, for the present year, for two reasons: First, because of the insufficiency of the amount of bonds, and secondly, because the sureties upon said bonds are not good and sufficient, and I wish to vote against this action of the Board to be recorded upon the Minutes.

(Signed) JOHN C. HEYER.

Similar protests were submitted by Mr. Heyer, relative to the bonds of the Register of Deeds and Clerk of Superior Court.

It was ordered that the County Surveyor lay out and establish the line between this county and Bladen; to-wit: Between the Cape Fear river and Black river; Provided that the County Commissioners of Bladen county will pay one half of the expense of said survey.

Adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of County Commissioners met again yesterday afternoon. The session was occupied, principally, in acting on the official bonds presented, with the following result:

Bond of Owen Fennell, Jr., Treasurer, for \$70,000, with P. Murphy, E. Murray, J. R. Beaman, B. F. Mitchell and William Larkin, as sureties, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of E. D. Hewlett, Coroner, for \$5,000, with Elijah Hewlett, as surety, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of J. C. Mann, Clerk of Superior Court, for \$10,000, with S. S. Satchell and S. H. Manning, as sureties, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of W. J. Bivens, Register of Deeds, for \$5,000, with E. R. Brink and W. P. Canaday, as sureties, was rejected.

Adjourned to meet again on Saturday 10th inst., at 3 o'clock.

THE YELLOW FEVER IN CHARLESTON.—The Charleston News, under yesterday's date, gives the following cheerful account in regard to the fever now prevailing in that city:

The city registrar reports only one certificate of death from yellow fever during the twenty-four hours ending at noon yesterday, and said death took place on Saturday. This is as cheering a statement as we could desire, and more en-

couraging than faint-hearted folks have ventured to expect. Doubtless, this glorious "autumn weather" is doing more for us than all the doctors and disinfectants in the city. The nights and mornings are deliciously cool, and the days more like the end of October than the beginning of September. We may, of course, have a return of the summer heats, but, as the most critical fever period is from the first to the third week in September, every cool day lessens the chances of any serious augmentation in the number of deaths.—This has been an early season. The winter was mild, and the summer temperature—with the exception of a short term of red-hot weather—has been remarkably low. This caused the opinion to gain ground that the back-bone of the summer is now broken, and that hot days for the rest of the season will be few and far between.

At this time there is not one of the State officers present in Raleigh, except the Attorney General. See the effect of the bad example set by the federal officials.

A very interesting revival of religion is in progress at Pittsboro, Chatham county, in the Methodist church at that place. It is conducted by the Pastor, Rev. Mr. Moore, assisted by Rev. Geo. W. Langhorne, of Petersburg.

Several of the Raleigh young gentlemen are preparing to give a series of Ethiopian dramas sometime during the fall and winter. They propose to play for the benefit of various charitable associations.

Louisburg, Franklin county, has an amateur dramatic association. They will play "Our American Cousin" during the sitting of the September court, with friend Furman, of the Courier, as "Our American Cousin."

The Pee Dee Herald learns that a man, named John, was being suspected with complicity in the murder of Mr. James W. Redfern, was arrested at Charlotte, N. C., when sufficient evidence was adduced to justify his committal.

The Fall Term of the Superior Courts in the 11th judicial district, will be held for the several counties respectively at the time stated: Harnett, 14th August; Moore, 28th August; Montgomery, 11th September; Stanly, 25th September; Union, 9th October; Anson, 23rd October; Richmond, 6th November; Cumberland, 20th November.

The Raleigh boys challenge the State game of base ball, to take place during the closing of the State Fair.

The Pee Dee Herald learns from a gentleman from Stanley that while the Rev. W. J. Leard was addressing a large assembly at the Methodist Church, at Albemarle, on Thursday, the 31st ult., a panic was created among the congregation by the breaking of a bench in the gallery, which was mistaken for the falling of the building; every available means of exit was at once resorted to, and in the confusion which ensued one lady, Mrs. Freeman, had her arm broken, and several other persons were severely bruised.

The Sentinel says: Sheriff Hughes, of Orange, arrived in our city at 2 o'clock a. m. yesterday. At 10 a. m. he had paid into the State Treasury \$4,200 collected of the people of Orange last week. At 12 meridian he was riding Billy Smith's iron horse on his return to Orange. There is nothing like promptness in public officers. Orange never had but one Radical Sheriff, and he, so far from paying promptly, did not pay at all.

The Raleigh Sentinel is responsible for the following: Considerable excitement prevails in a locality on Neuse river, at what seems to be a sea serpent which has made its way up from the Atlantic. It has been seen by several very reliable gentlemen, with much lamb and little pipe in its jaws, having seized them when at the water edge drinking. Various attempts to capture this serpent have proved fruitless; should they succeed he will be on exhibition at the State Fair.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of County Commissioners met again yesterday morning, Commissioner A. R. Black, presiding.

J. W. Schenck, Jr., Sheriff of the county, presented three several bonds, two for \$15,000 each, and one for \$10,000, whereupon it was ordered that the bonds now presented by J. W. Schenck, Jr., be received and approved, and ordered to be registered and filed. It was further ordered that the Sheriff, J. W. Schenck, Jr., be notified that he is required to appear before this Board on the first Monday in October next, and increase his bond for the collection of State and County taxes, in the sum of \$10,000, each. And it is further ordered that the Sheriff make settlement with the State and County Treasurers as often as the amounts prescribed by law shall come into his hands. Those appearing on Sheriff Schenck's bond are Mary J. Schenck, Jos. H. Neff, S. S. Satchell and E. R. Brink.

Bonds of J. C. Mann, Clerk of Superior Court, in the sum of \$10,000, and W. J. Bivens, Register of Deeds, in the sum of \$5,000, were presented, but action was deferred until this afternoon.

The bonds of Coroner and Treasurer will also be finally acted on this afternoon. Commissioner John C. Heyer presented the following protest against the action of the Board:

I, John C. Heyer, one of the County Commissioners of New Hanover county, do hereby protest against any and all action of the Board of County Commissioners, in so far as it relates to the bonds of J. W. Schenck, Jr., as Sheriff of said county, for the present year, for two reasons: First, because of the insufficiency of the amount of bonds, and secondly, because the sureties upon said bonds are not good and sufficient, and I wish to vote against this action of the Board to be recorded upon the Minutes.

(Signed) JOHN C. HEYER.

Similar protests were submitted by Mr. Heyer, relative to the bonds of the Register of Deeds and Clerk of Superior Court.

It was ordered that the County Surveyor lay out and establish the line between this county and Bladen; to-wit: Between the Cape Fear river and Black river; Provided that the County Commissioners of Bladen county will pay one half of the expense of said survey.

Adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board of County Commissioners met again yesterday afternoon. The session was occupied, principally, in acting on the official bonds presented, with the following result:

Bond of Owen Fennell, Jr., Treasurer, for \$70,000, with P. Murphy, E. Murray, J. R. Beaman, B. F. Mitchell and William Larkin, as sureties, was received and ordered filed.

Bond of E. D. Hewlett, Coroner, for \$5,000, with Elijah Hewlett, as surety, was received and ordered filed.

There were, up to yesterday, fifteen entries for the Saratoga International Regatta, five for the four-oared race and ten for the single scull race.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in reply to an inquiry, says : The liability of certain pharmaceutical preparations to stamp duty depends entirely upon the mode or style in which they are put up, and the manner of advertising them for popular sale and use.

All French citizens entering Austria or Hungary are now required to obtain from the Austrian Embassy at Paris a *visa* for their passports.

The Shenandoah Iron Works, destroyed by the flood in September, 1870, are again in full operation.

Samuel J. Halley, collector for the port of Buffalo, N. Y., has been found guilty of malfeasance in office.

W. A. Alcorn, Esq., has been appointed Governor Alcorn, of Mississippi, deputy collector for the counties of Tallahatchie and Leflore.

...ope and Gatling guns to control Radical
conventions in his favor, show that they
apt scholars of their Republican teach-
in Mexico. "Turn, Thrift, Horatio!

United States.		Population.
Class. City.		
1.	New York	944,382
2.	Philadelphia	674,032
3.	Brooklyn	396,199
4.	San Francisco	310,764
5.	Chicago	285,777
6.	Baltimore	267,854
7.	Boston	256,326
8.	Cincinnati	215,229
9.	New Orleans	191,418
10.	San Francisco	149,478
11.	San Francisco	117,711
12.	Washington	109,189
13.	Newark	106,059
14.	Louisville	100,753
15.	Cleveland	92,229
16.	Pittsburg	86,076
17.	Jersey City	83,516
England.		
1.	London	3,251,804
2.	Liverpool	493,345
3.	Manchester	356,665
4.	Birmingham	341,696
5.	Leeds	250,201
6.	Sheffield	239,947
7.	Bristol	186,554
8.	Bradford	145,527
9.	Newcastle	126,169
10.	Cardiff	124,805
11.	Bull	121,508
12.	Portsmouth	112,968
13.	Sunderland	98,335
14.	Leicester	97,000
15.	Nottingham	86,600
16.	Norwich	80,89
17.	Wolverhampton	79,000

There are four other cities in the United States which exceed the population of Wolverhampton.

The new Commissioner of Agriculture insists upon discharging some clerks in his office, because they are worthless. He is evidently green in the business of serving the Radical party and General Grant.

The two-shilling tax on dogs in Ireland in 1870 produced a net clearance reduction of £19,947, which was deducted from local taxation.

James Spindall has been arrested at St. Louis on the charge of obtaining several thousand dollars' worth of goods under false pretenses from citizens of Peoria, Illinois.

All French citizens entering Austria or Hungary are now required to obtain from the Austrian Embassy at Paris a *visa* for

The Shenandoah Iron Works, destroyed by the flood in September, 1870, are again in full operation.